

OSHA 1910.28, SubPart D (Walking-Working Surfaces)

This document contains extracts from OSHA Standard 1926.500 (Fall Protection) relating to fall protection anchors. This subpart sets forth requirements and criteria for fall protection in construction workplaces and directs the reader to other 500 series standards governing the requirements of employers to provide fall protection systems near the edges of roofs or other walking/working surfaces.

The standard is one of several OSHA standards governing window cleaning and other suspended maintenance operations; the others are OSHA 1910.28, SubPart D (Walking-Working Surfaces), OSHA 1910.66, SubPart F (Powered Platforms), CAL OSHA, Title 8, Section 3291 (f), Article 5. Window Cleaning (General Industry Safety Order, California Code of Regulations), and Department of Labor Memorandum to Regional Administrators for Descent Control Devices.

PARAGRAPH REFERENCE	REQUIREMENT
Boatswain's chairs 1926.501	<p>The workman shall be protected by a safety life belt attached to a lifeline. The lifeline shall be securely attached to substantial members of the structure (not scaffold), or to securely rigged lines, which will safely suspend the worker in case of a fall.</p>
(j) (6)	<p>The roof irons, hooks, or the object to which the tackle is anchored shall be securely installed. Tiebacks when used shall be installed at right angles to the face of the building and securely fastened.</p>
Float or Ship Scaffolds 1910.28 (u) (6)	<p>Each workman shall be protected by a safety lifebelt attached to a lifeline. The lifeline shall be securely attached to substantial members of the structure (not scaffold), or to securely rigged lines, which will safely suspend the worker in case of a fall.</p>
	<p>End</p>